TIME: 2 Hrs.

MARKS: 60

Q.1 Prepare stores Ledger Account under both methods FIFO and Weighted Average Method for the month of December 2006 & Findout closing stock. 1st Dec. 06 Opening Stock 1200 units @ Rs. 5 per ut Purchases - 5th Dec. 06 - 1000 units @ Rs. 7 per unit

18th Dec. 06 - 1500 units @ Rs. 6 per unit

26th Dec 06 - 1200 units @ Rs. 4 per unit

Sales -

9th Dec 06 - 1200 units

22nd Dec 06 - 1500 units

29th Dec 06 - 1800 units

[15]

OR

Double Entry Syst

Q. 1. From the following Receipt and Payment Account of Sunshine Gymkhana for the year ended 31st Dec. 2007 and other information, Prepare Income & Expenditure Account and Balance Sheet as at date. [15]

Receipts	Rs.	Payment	Rs.
To Balance b/d To Subscriptions 2006 2007 2008 To Donations To Entertainment Receipts To Interest To Enterance Fees	85 4000 103 1200 876 81 1000	By Salaries By Entertainment Expenses By Electric Charges By General Expenses By Rent and Rates By Investments By Stationery and Printing By Expenses of 2006 By Fixed Deposit By balance c/d	1300 645 234 350 120 3000 241 600 1000 895
	8385	les is a popular recornit	8385

The gymkhana has 450 members paying an annual subscription of Rs. 10 each. Rs. 20 is still outstanding subscription for 2006. Rent and Rates paid in advance Rs. 20. Provide Rs. 200 for outstanding salaries. Assets of Gymkhana are -

Land and Building - Rs. 15000 (Depreciation @ 5% p.a.

Furniture - Rs. 11550 (Depreciation @ 15% p.a.)

Interest on Investment @ 12% p.a. which is outstanding for 3 months. Capital Fund on 1.1.2007 was Rs. 16,695. 50% of entrance fees are to be capitalised. Donations are to be capitalised. [15]

Q. 2. a) Calculate Cost of Purchase from the following information.

Raj Limited purchased 1500 units @ Rs. 50 per unit. The duties and taxes amounted to Rs. 45000 out of which Rs. 15000 was refundable. The supplier allowed rebate of Rs. 8000 on list price. Company spent Rs. 12000 on transportation and Rs. 2000 on loading unloading.

b) Match the following.

- 1) Periodic system
- 2) Receipt and payment A/c
- 3) Staff welfare
- 4) Branch Accounts
- 5) Total Debtors A/c
- 6) Computerised Accounting system
- 7) Double Entry System

B

- 1) Data Base Design
- 2) Trial Balance is prepared
- 3) Credit sales
- 4) Physical counting of stock
- 5) Number of employees
- 6) Debtors system
- 7) Real Account

c) What do you mean by subscription?

[3]

[7]

## OF

- Q. 2. a) Prepare a Stock Reconciliation statement for year ended 31st March 2005 from the following information -
  - 1) Final Accounts are prepared on 31st March every year but stock valuation was done on 24th March 2005 and stock was valued at Rs. 1,00,000
    - 2) Purchases made during the period from 24th March 2005 to 31st March 2005 was Rs. 50,000 but goods costing Rs. 5000 belonging to business were received on 4th April 2005.
  - 3) Sales during the same period was Rs. 90,000
  - 4) Goods Returned to supplier was Rs. 15,000 and goods returned by customer was Rs. 8000 for the period 24/03/05 to 31/03/05
    - 5) A company has a profit margin of 20% on sales.

[5]

b) State whether the following statements are true or false.

[7]

- 1) Opening Balance sheet is prepared to find out Reserves and Surplus in case of non trading concerns.
  - 2) Stock valuation is done to findout correct profit.
  - 3) Talley is a popular accounting software.
  - 4) Most of the accounting pacakages are based on coding structure.
  - 5) Single Entry System is scientific and complete.
- 6) Branch Accounts are maintain to know the profitability of branch.
  - 7) Carriage Inwards is distributed on the basis of sales in case of departmental accounts.
  - c) What do you mean by Inter Departmental Transfer?

Q. 3. Galaxy Ltd. has three departments A, B & C.
From the following information prepare Departmental Trading, Profit & Loss A/c and General Profit & Loss A/c for year ended 31st March 2006.

Particulars	Dept A (Rs.)	Dept. B (Rs.)	Dept C (Rs.)
Purchases Opening Stock Sales Closing Stock	1,10,000	2,20,000	4,40,000
	2000	4000	10,000
	4,00,000	6,00,000	8,00,000
	20,000	50,000	80,000

Pune Branch are faint

Other relevant information :-

- 1) Carriage Inwards Rs. 2100
- 2) Discount Received Rs. 1400
- 3) Salaries and Wages Rs. 36,000
- 4) Office expenses Rs. 18,000
- 5) Selling Expenses Rs. 54,000
- 6) Depreciation on Assets Rs. 15000
- 7) Income Tax Rs. 10,000
- 8) Interest on Investments Rs. 7,000
- 9) Interest on loan paid Rs. 4,000
- 10) Rent paid
- Rs. 20,000
- 11) Salaries & Wages as well as office expenses are to be allocated equally among all the departments.
- 12) Rent to be allocated on the basis of floor space occupied Dept A 2, Dept B 1, Dept C 1.
- 13) Transfer of goods from Dept A to Dept B & Dept C Rs. 12,000 & Rs. 8000 respectively. [15]

## OR

Q. 3. Mr. Mayur carries on business and keeps his books of accounts on single entry basis. Following Information is extracted from his books.

Particulars	1.1.2008	31.12.08
Plant and Machinery	25,000	25,000
Stock	22,000	19,500
Sundry Debtors	8,000	25,500
Sundry Creditors	12,500	10,000
Cash in hand	400	800
Bank Balance	6,250	70,000

Capital fund of Mr. Mayur - Rs. 49,150 Following cash transactions took place

during the year ending 31st Dec. 2008

Receipts	Rs.	Payment	Rs.
Received on account		Cash Purchases	28,850

of cash sales	31,250	Payment to creditors	1,32,000
Received from sundry	and the second	General Expenses	ed to conserva
Debtors	1,60,000	of business	21,450
	1004 nu 0 (	Wages	15,000
	The state of the s	Drawings	6800

During the year Mayur has taken goods for his personal consumption Rs. 1950 and not paid the money for them. Charge depreciation @ 10% p.a. on plant & Machinery.

Prepare - 1) Profit & Loss A/c. Trading A/c 2) Balance Sheet as on 31.12.2008. [15]

Office expenses

Q.4 M/s MN Ltd. Mumbai has a branch at Pune. All the requirements of Pune Branch are fulfilled by Mumbai head office.

Following Information is available.

Opening balances of branch assets as on 1.1.2009.

Stock -	Rs. 5000
Debtors	Rs. 9000
Cash	Rs. 1000
Furniture	Rs. 12000
Outstanding Expenses	Rs. 200

Branch does not retain any cash with it. but remits it to head office at Mumbai on receipt. Total Sales made by branch Rs. 2,00,000 out of which 80% was on cash basis. Cash Received from debtors amounted to Rs. 30,000/-. One of the customer paid Rs. 2000 directly to head office. Discount allowed to customer Rs. 500.

Goods sent to Branch by head office Rs. 1,40,000/- out of which goods costing Rs. 2000 are returned by branch. Cash remitted to Branch for meeting expenses Rs. 11,000/-

Rent of branch paid by head office Rs. 3000. One of the Insurance policy of branch was matured and Insurance claim was received by head office Rs. 5000. Charge depreciation @ 10 % p.a. an furniture.

Balances on 31 Dec. 2009 are Stock Rs. 3000 Debtors Rs. 7000 Cash in hand 800. All expenses were paid but salary of Rs. 150 was outstanding.

Prepare Pune Branch A/c and Goods sent to Branch A/c. in books of H. O. [15]

Following cash tran syconog place

OR

Q. 4. Whar are various accounting packages available?

[15]